ALLERGY TESTING

Allergies can be tested in two different ways

- 1. Skin Testing
- 2. Blood Test (RAST)

Skin Testing is the traditional and preferred method of testing. Except in certain situations when skin testing cannot be done, a blood test (RAST) is used for allergy testing.

Skin testing involves a gentle prick through a drop of allergen on the skin of the forearm or back by a disposable prick device. This results in the formation of a welt or reddening of skin at the site of the introduction of allergen, if a person is allergic to that allergen.

All Antihistamines – Oral and Nasal Sprays interfere with the testing and have to be avoided for 1-7 days prior to testing.

Please click for the **LIST** for these medications